

Qualifying Exam in Differential Equations

September 2020

Solve all problems

(1) (M, 20 points) Let $f : [-r, r] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a C^1 function with

$$A = \frac{1}{2r} \int_{-r}^r f(y) dy.$$

Prove that

$$\int_{-r}^r (f(x) - A)^2 dx \leq (2r)^2 \int_{-r}^r (f'(x))^2 dx.$$

(2) (E, 20 points) Consider the transport equation

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0, \\ u(0, x, y) = u_0(x, y), \end{cases} \quad (t, x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R},$$

where $u_0(x, y)$ is a continuous function with $u_0(x, y) = 0$ for $|x| + |y| \geq 1$.

a. Solve the equation.

b. Prove that for fixed $t_0 > 0$, $y_0 \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} u(t_0, x, y_0) = 0.$$

(3) (E, 20 points) Let Ω be a open, bounded, connected subset of \mathbb{R}^2 and u, v be harmonic functions with $u \geq v$ on $\partial\Omega$.

a. Prove that either $u > v$ on Ω or $u = v$ on $\overline{\Omega}$.

b. Give an example to show that the conclusion in part a. fail if Ω is open, connected, but not bounded in \mathbb{R}^2 .

(4) (E, Old problem, 20 points) Find the solution of the problem:

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx}, \\ u(0, x) = 0, \\ u(t, 0) = h(t), \quad h(0) = 0, \end{cases} \quad (t, x) \in \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^+.$$

(5) (E, Old problem, 20 points) Using the energy method to prove the uniqueness of the problem

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} + hu = F(x, t), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} u(x, t) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} u_t(x, t) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} u_x(x, t) = 0, \quad t > 0 \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u_t^2 + c^2 u_x^2 + hu^2 dx < \infty, \quad t > 0 \\ u(0, x) = f(x), u_t(0, x) = g(x) \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \end{array} \right.$$

where c and h are positive constants.